

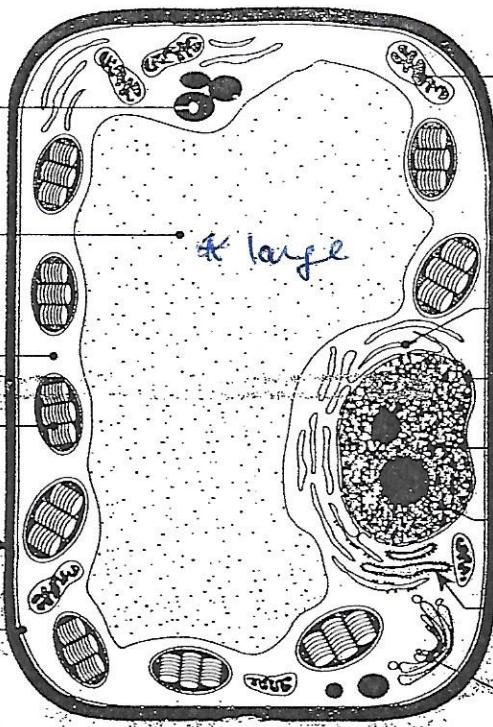
Eukaryote Cells

From the word lists, use your textbook and other references to identify and label the organelles depicted in the diagrams

of the cells below. The diagrams show many of the organelles and structures that are listed on the next two pages.

Generalised Plant Cell

- (a) starch granule
- (b) vacuole
- (c) cytoplasm
- (d) chloroplasts
- (e) cell wall
- (f) cell membrane
- (g) mitochondrion
- (h) smooth E.R.
- (i) nuclear membrane
- (j) nucleus
- (k) nucleolus
- (l) ribosomes
- (m) Golgi Body



Generalised Animal Cell

- (a) nuclear pore or membrane
- (b) nucleus
- (c) nucleolus
- (d) Rough E.R.
- (e) ribosomes
- (f) nuclear membrane or pore
- (g) cell membrane
- (h) centrioles
- (i) cytoplasm
- (j) Golgi Body
- (k) Lysosome
- (l) mitochondrion

WORD LIST
Vacuole, mitochondrion, cell wall, cell membrane, nucleus, nucleolus, nuclear membrane, golgi apparatus, endoplasmic reticulum, cytoplasm, starch granule, ribosomes, chloroplast

WORD LIST:
Lysosome, mitochondrion, cell membrane, nucleus, nucleolus, Nuclear membrane, nuclear pore, golgi apparatus, endoplasmic reticulum, cytoplasm, centriole, ribosomes

PARTS OF THE CELL—MATCHING

Match the descriptions in Column I with the name in Column II.

Column I	Column II
g. 1. holds nucleus together	a. Golgi bodies
f. 2. surface for chemical activity	b. nucleus
p. 3. units of heredity	c. chromosomes
o. 4. digestion center	d. vacuole
e. 5. where proteins are made	e. ribosomes
h. 6. structures involved in mitosis in animal cells only	f. endoplasmic reticulum
t. 7. hollow cylinder that supports and shapes cell	g. nuclear membrane
m. 8. shapes and supports a plant cell	h. centrioles
a. 9. stores and releases chemicals	i. cytoplasm
K. 10. food for plant cells is made here	j. chlorophyll
r. 11. spherical body within nucleus	k. chloroplasts
l. 12. controls entry into and out of cell	l. cell (plasma) membrane
o. 13. traps light and is used to produce food for plants	m. cell wall
b. 14. chromosomes are found here	n. mitochondria
j. 15. jellylike substance within cell	o. lysosome
C. 16. contains code which guides all cell activities	p. genes
q. 17. minute hole in nuclear membrane	q. nuclear pore
v. 18. "powerhouse" of cell	r. nucleolus
d. 19. contains water and dissolved minerals	s. plastid
S. 20. stores food or contains pigment	t. microtubule

Name _____

FUNCTION OF THE ORGANELLES

Which organelle performs each of the following functions within the cell?

Organelle	Function
1. cell membrane	1. Controls the movement into and out of the cell
2. cytoplasm	2. Watery material which contains many of the materials involved in cell metabolism
3. endoplasmic reticulum	3. Serves as a pathway for the transport of materials throughout the cell; also associated with synthesis and storage
4. nucleus	4. Serves as the control center for cell metabolism and reproduction
5. ribosomes	5. Sites of protein synthesis
6. mitochondria	6. Involved in the digestion of food within the cell
7. golgi bodies	7. The "powerhouse" of the cell
8. centrioles	8. Serves as storage centers for the secretory products of the cell
9. involved in cell division in animal cells	9. Involved in cell division in animal cells
10. vacuoles	10. Fluid filled organelles enclosed by a membrane; contains stored food or wastes
11. nucleolus	11. Site of the production of ribosomes
12. nuclear membrane	12. Controls movement into and out of the nucleus
13. cell wall	13. cilia
14. flagellum	14. hairlike structures with the capacity for movement
15. chloroplasts	15. A long, hairlike structure used for movement
16. chlorophyll	16. Site of photosynthesis
17. cell plate	17. During cytokinesis, new cell wall forms on both sides
18. chromosomes	18. rod-shaped bodies that carry genetic information

Name _____